



RESIDENTIAL INSPECTION

1234 Main St. Edmonton AB T5T3E9

> Buyer Name 09/13/2018 9:00AM



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InspecUs Inspections strives to perform all inspections in substantial compliance with the Standards of Practice as set forth by the International Association of Certified Home Inspectors . As such, we inspect the readily accessible, visually observable, installed systems and components of the home. This inspection is not technically exhaustive.

InspecUs, Partner of InspectR always recommends that after you have reviewed this report and disclosure documentation from all the parties: that you consider additional follow up by other Certified Professionals Such as Carpenters, electricians, Plumbers, Roofers, HVAC installers, WETT installers, WETT installers Chimney sweeps, Sewer line inspectors, Well and or Septic system inspectors or even an engineer if necessary. You may also want to contact your lender and your insurance provider to inquire about any specific inspections or documentation they require. The more information you have up front the better equipped you are to make a sound decision going forward.

MINOR CONCERN

Maintenance items, DIY items, or recommended upgrades will fall into this category. These concerns will ultimately lead to Moderate Concerns and Significant Concerns if left neglected for extended periods of time. These concerns are usually straightforward to remedy.

MODERATE CONCERN

Most items will fall into this category. Concerns that inevitably lead to, or directly cause (if not addressed in a timely manner) adverse impact on the value of the home, or unreasonable risk (Unsafe) to people or property. These concerns may require further evaluation or may be more complicated to remedy.

SIGNIFICANT CONCERN

A specific issue with a system or component of a residential property that may have a significant, adverse impact on the value of the property, or that poses an unreasonable risk to people or property. These concerns may be imminent, difficult or expensive to remedy.

SUMMARY



- O 2.5.1 Exterior, Driveway and Yard Exterior Doors and Windows: Appeared Satisfactory
- O 2.6.1 Exterior, Driveway and Yard Decks, Balconies and Steps: Step Height Excessive
- O 2.6.2 Exterior, Driveway and Yard Decks, Balconies and Steps: Missing Flashing
- O 2.7.1 Exterior, Driveway and Yard Vegetation, Lot Drainage & Retaining Walls: Tree to Home Contact
- O 2.7.2 Exterior, Driveway and Yard Vegetation, Lot Drainage & Retaining Walls: Vines on building
- 3.1.1 Roof, Flashing and Drain System Roof Coverings: Moss/Debris on Roof
- O 3.3.1 Roof, Flashing and Drain System Side Wall Flashings: Missing Kick-Out Flashing
- O 3.4.1 Roof, Flashing and Drain System Gutter, Downspouts, Extensions: Downspouts/Gutter Discharges on Roof
- (1) 3.4.2 Roof, Flashing and Drain System Gutter, Downspouts, Extensions: Gutters Full of Debris
- O 3.4.3 Roof, Flashing and Drain System Gutter, Downspouts, Extensions: Gutter Undersized
- O 3.4.4 Roof, Flashing and Drain System Gutter, Downspouts, Extensions: Extension missing
- 5.1.1 Cooling Cooling Equipment: Insulation Missing or Damaged
- 9.2.1 Plumbing Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems: Slow Sink Drain
- 9.3.1 Plumbing Water Supply and Fixtures: Toilet Loose
- O 11.3.1 Structure and Foundation Floor Structure: Settling Concrete Floor
- O 11.4.1 Structure and Foundation Crawlspace/Basement: Minor Foundation cracks

1: INSPECTION AND SITE INFORMATION

Information

Type of Building Detached, Single Family

In Attendance Client's Agent, Clients Family

How to Read the Report Click below for short video On

How to Read Report.

Recommend : Desktop View and PDF Download.

Inspection End Time

2.20 pm

Appeared Satisfactory

Thermal Scanning

Utilities All basic utilities were on.

Weather Conditions Partly Cloudy, Snow

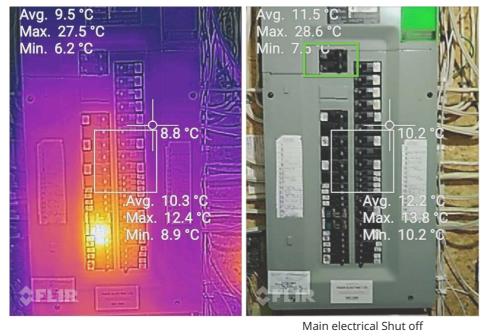
Photos taken during the inspection

photos .

Occupancy Furnished, Occupied

Approximate Outside Temperature Less than 0

Inspection Start Time 11.55 am



Emergency Contact

ACTO GAS # 780-420-5585 EPCOR POWER # 780-420-5585 WATER # 780- 412-6800 DRAINAGE # 311 EPS # 911 NON EMERGENCY EPS # 780-423-4567 / #377

Limitations

General

RECENT SNOW LIMITATIONS

Due to the recent snow, there was limited visibility of the grounds, deck, porch, patio, roof and some of the exterior that may have been snow covered.



2: EXTERIOR, DRIVEWAY AND YARD

		0	NP	NI	IN
2.1	Driveways and Walkways				Х
2.2	Porches and Patios				Х
2.3	Exterior Walls and Trim				Х
2.4	Eaves, Soffits & Fascia				Х
2.5	Exterior Doors and Windows				Х
2.6	Decks, Balconies and Steps	Х			Х
2.7	Vegetation, Lot Drainage & Retaining Walls	Х			Х
2.8	Fencing				Х
	O = Observations NP = Not Present NI = Not Ins	pectec	11 1	v = Insp	pected

Information

Exterior Assessories

Front Porch, Covered Porch, Deck with Steps

Exterior Inspection Method From the ground

General Lot Sloping

Flat



Porch Material Concrete, Wood

Driveway Material Concrete



Walkway Material Not visible

Deck Material Wood

Eave/Soffit Materials Aluminum



Siding Style

Batten

Siding Material Vinyl



Fencing Type Wood Slats



Walls: General Lot Sloping Flat

Vegetation, Lot Drainage & Retaining Fencing: Yard Fence Present

Exterior Entry Door

Metal, Wood



Limitations

General

SNOW COVERED

With the snow on the ground there were several areas that could not be seen. Recomend looking ate those areas when the snow clears and repairing as necessary.

Decks, Balconies and Steps

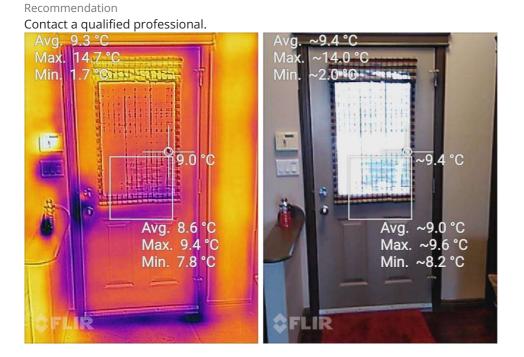
POOR ACCESS UNDER DECK, STEPS OR PORCH

There was poor access for inspection under the deck, steps, and or porch.

Recommendations

2.5.1 Exterior Doors and Windows APPEARED SATISFACTORY

MAIN FLOOR



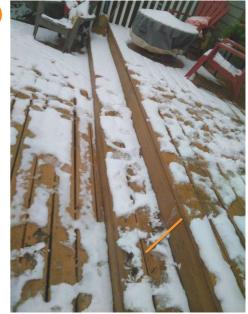
Recommendation/upgrade

2.6.1 Decks, Balconies and Steps

STEP HEIGHT EXCESSIVE DECK

The step height is greater than 8 inches which is considered excessive. Recommend correcting to help prevent trip hazards.

Recommendation Contact a qualified concrete contractor.



more than 8", caution while using it.

Recommendation/upgrade

2.6.2 Decks, Balconies and Steps

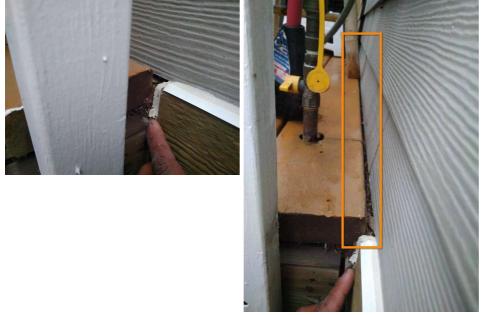
MISSING FLASHING

DECK

The house is missing Z- flashing at the junction of the siding and the deck. Recommend installing to help prevent (further) moisture and rot damage.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified siding specialist.



2.7.1 Vegetation, Lot Drainage & Retaining Walls

TREE TO HOME CONTACT

The tree/bush is in contact with the home. This can cause damage to the siding and roofing materials, improper drainage to gutters and downspouts. Recommend trimming the tree back or removing to help prevent further damage and rodent access to the siding, roof and eaves.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified landscaping contractor



2.7.2 Vegetation, Lot Drainage & Retaining Walls

VINES ON BUILDING

GARAGE

There are vines in contact with the building. Recommend re moving to help prevent damage.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified landscaping contractor









3: ROOF, FLASHING AND DRAIN SYSTEM

			0	NP	NI	IN
3.1	Roof Coverings		Х			Х
3.2	Pipe/Stack Flashings					Х
3.3	Side Wall Flashings		Х			Х
3.4	Gutter, Downspouts, Extensions		Х			Х
3.5	Skylights, Chimneys & Other Roof Penetrations					Х
	O = Observations	NP = Not Present NI = Not	Inspecte	d II	N = Insp	pected

Information

Roof Type/Style

Gable

Approximate Age

15 Years, These are approximate dates based on a visual inspection of the covering.

Roof Covering Material Asphalt

Life Expectancy 07-10 Years

Gutter Type

Eave Mounted



Inspection Method Binoculars, Ladder

Probability of Failure Medium

Pipe Stack Flashing Material Not Visible

Gutter Material Aluminum

Chimney Chase Framed with Siding.

Limitations

General

WEATHER

Due to weather at the time of the inspection we were not able to walk the roof. Roof was looked at from the eves and from the ground with binoculars.

Roof Coverings

SNOW COVERED

The roof was covered with snow so we were not able to view the roof covering material and condition. We encourage you to have a roofer take a look at it when the snow melts.

Roof Coverings

WET ROOFS HIDE FLAWS

The roof was wet. We inspected it from the eaves and from the ground with binoculars. It is more difficult to find flaws on wet roofs. We just want you to know we did the best we could in the conditions we worked in.

Recommendations

3.1.1 Roof Coverings

MOSS/DEBRIS ON ROOF

Defect/Safety Item

There was excessive moss and/or debris on the roof. Recommend cleaning to help prolong the life of the roof covering and prevent damage and leaks. Observed missing vent on porch area this could be another reasoning for high moisture around front porch roof.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified roofing professional.



3.3.1 Side Wall Flashings

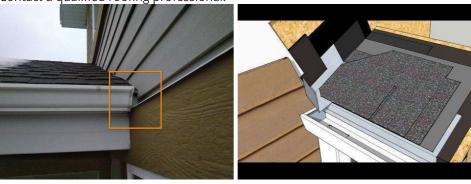
MISSING KICK-OUT FLASHING

BACK OF THE HOUSE

The roof was missing kick-out flashing at the bottom edge of the roof against the side-wall. Recommend installing to help prevent water intrusion behind the siding.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified roofing professional.



3.4.1 Gutter, Downspouts, Extensions

DOWNSPOUTS/GUTTER DISCHARGES ON ROOF

FRONT PORCH

The downspout or gutter discharges onto the roof below. This can cause premature wear of the shingles below. Recommend repair to help prolong the life of the shingles.

Recommendation Contact a qualified handyman.





Defect/Safety Item



GUTTERS FULL OF DEBRIS

UPPER ROOF AND LOWER ROOF

Debris has accumulated in the gutters. Recommend cleaning to facilitate water flow and void further damage to the soffit and other component.

Here is a DIY resource for cleaning your gutters.

Recommendation



signs of over flow

signs of over flow

3.4.3 Gutter, Downspouts, Extensions

GUTTER UNDERSIZED

The gutters were too small for the distance/area covered. Recommend replacing with larger gutters and downspouts to help ensure run-off water drains away from the foundation.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified siding specialist.

3.4.4 Gutter, Downspouts, Extensions **EXTENSION MISSING** GARAGE

The extension for the downspout is loose. Recommend correcting to help prevent possible drainage issues.

Recommendation Contact a handyman or DIY project Recommendation/upgrade

4: INTERIOR, DOORS, AND WINDOWS

		0	NP	NI	IN
4.1	Steps, Stairways & Railings				Х
4.2	Doors				Х
4.3	Windows				Х
4.4	Ceilings				Х
4.5	Walls				Х
4.6	Floors				Х
4.7	Countertops & Cabinets				Х
4.8	Garage Doors				Х
	O = Observations NP = Not Present NI = Not Ins	pected	11 k	v = Insi	pected

Information

Ceiling Material Plaster, Popcorn

Window Type Double Pane, Single-hung, Vinyl



Major Floor Finishes Hardwood

Exterior Door Type Metal, Wood, Fire-Rated Major Wall Finishes Drywall

Garage Vehicle Doors Metal, Insulated, Motorized



5: COOLING

		0	NP	NI	IN
5.1	Cooling Equipment	Х			Х
5.2	Distribution System				Х
	O = Observations NP = Not Present NI = No	t Inspecte	ected IN		pected

Information

Cooling Equipment: Brand Carrier



Cooling Equipment: Location Right Side Exterior

Cooling Equipment: Cooling Capacity 3 ton

Cooling Equipment: Energy Source/Type Electric

Cooling Equipment: Approximate Age Cooling Equipment: Life Expectancy 15 Years



Cooling Equipment: Distribution Configuration Central

Cooling Equipment: Normal Temperature Split Not Checked

15-20 Years

Limitations

InspecUs

Cooling Equipment

LOW TEMPERATURE

The A/C unit was not tested due to low outdoor temperature. Operating the A/C below 65 degrees may cause damage the unit.

Recommendations

5.1.1 Cooling Equipment

INSULATION MISSING OR DAMAGED

Maintenance Item

The insulation on refrigerant line is damaged, gapped or missing. Recommend repair for improved cooling efficiently.

Recommendation Contact a handyman or DIY project



6: KITCHEN AND LAUNDRY APPLIANCES

					0	NP	NI	IN
6.1	General Information							Х
		O = Observations	NP = Not Present	NI = Not Ins	NI = Not Inspected		۱ = Insp	pected

Information

General Information : Installed Kitchen Appliances

Refrigerator, Dishwasher, Range, Oven, Range Hood, Microwave



General Information : Laundry Facilities

Dryer Vented to Exterior, 220v Dryer Outlet, Washer Drain, 120V Washer Outlet, Washer Hot and Cold Water Service



7: ELECTRICAL AND FIRE SAFETY

		0	NP	NI	IN
7.1	Service Entrance Conductors				Х
7.2	Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device				Х
7.3	Branch Wiring Circuits, Breakers & Fuses				Х
7.4	Lights, Switches & Receptacles				Х
7.5	GFCI & AFCI				Х
7.6	Smoke Detectors				Х
	O = Observations NP = Not Present NI = Not Ins	pected	11 k	V = Ins	pected

Information

Main Panel Location

Basement

Panel Capacity 125 AMP

Outlet Types

3 Prong Grounded, 2 Prong Ungrounded, GFCI Kitchen, GFCI Bathrooms, GFCI Exterior Main Panel Type Circuit Breaker

Sub Panel Location Not Applicable

Wiring Method Romex Panel Manufacturer Cutler Hammer

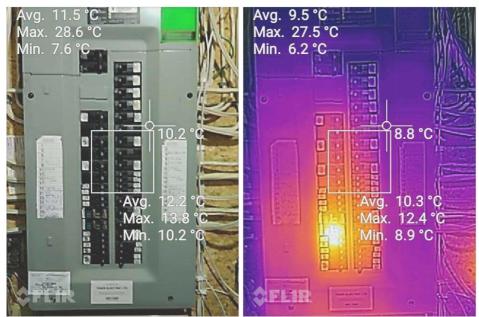
Branch Wire Type Copper

Locations of Smoke Alarms/ CO Detectors First Floor, Second Floor, Basement



Electrical Service Conductors

Below Ground, 200



8: HEATING

					0	NP	NI	IN
8.1	Equipment							Х
8.2	Thermostat							Х
8.3	Distribution Systems							Х
8.4	Vents, Flues & Chimneys							Х
8.5	Presence of Installed Heat Source in Each Room							Х
8.6	Fireplaces and Wood Stove							Х
	O = (bservations	NP = Not Present	NI = Not Ins	pectec	11 k	l = Insp	pected

Information

Equipment: Brand Lennox

Equipment: Efficiency High Efficiency Equipment: Heat Type Forced Air

Equipment: Life Expectancy 15-20 Years

Equipment: Energy Source Natural Gas

Equipment: Approximate Age 1 Year



Equipment: Solid Fuel Furnace/Stove None

Equipment: Probability of Failure Low

Equipment: Thermostat Location Main floor **Equipment: Ductwork** Insulated, Non-insulated

Fireplaces and Wood Stove: Appeared Satisfactory



Limitations

Fireplaces and Wood Stove **GAS SUPPLY SHUT OFF**



9: PLUMBING

		0	NP	NI	IN
9.1	Main Water Shut-off Device				Х
9.2	Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems	Х			Х
9.3	Water Supply and Fixtures	Х			Х
9.4	Hot Water System				Х
9.5	Fuel Distribution and Storage System				Х
9.6	Pumps				Х
	O = Observations NP = Not Present NI =	Not Inspected		V = Ins	pected

Information

Water Heater Description Tankless

Approximate Age 1 Year

Main Shut-off Valve Location Basement

Water Heater Location Basement

Life Expectancy 15-20 Years

Water Filters Whole house conditioner Not inspected, see SOP

Water Heater Capacity Unknown

Probability of Failure Low

Water Source Public



Main Water Service Material CPVC

Main Gas Shut-off Location Basement, Gas Meter



Water Supply Material Pex

Pump Types Sump Pump Drain/Vent Pipe Material ABS

Hot Water System: Manual Rinnai Tankless HW

http://www.manualslib.com/manual/102 Rur98i.html

Water Heater Manufacturer

Rinnai

We recommend flushing and servicing the water heater tank annually for optimal performance. Water temperature should be set to at least 120 degrees F to kill microbes and no higher than 130 degrees F to prevent scalding.

Here is a nice maintenance guide from Lowe's to help.

Recommendations

9.2.1 Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems

SLOW SINK DRAIN

2ND FLOOR ENSUITE BATHROOM The sink drain is slow to empty. Recommend repair for more effective operation.

Recommendation Contact a qualified plumbing contractor.





9.3.1 Water Supply and Fixtures

TOILET LOOSE

2ND FLOOR ENSUITE BATHROOM

The toilet is not well secured to the floor. Recommend repair to help prevent (further) leaks around the wax ring.

Recommendation Contact a qualified plumbing contractor.





10: INSULATION AND VENTILATION

			0	NP	NI	IN
10.1	Insulation					Х
10.2	Vapor Retarders (Crawlspace or Basement)					Х
10.3	Ventilation					Х
10.4	Exhaust Systems					Х
	O = Observations NP = Not Present	NI = Not Ins	pected	11 k	V = Insi	pected

Information

Attic Insulation Type

Batt, Loose-fill



Approximate Attic Insulation Depth

11-15"

Attic Ventilation Type Roof Vents, Soffit Vents

Attic Inspection Method From the Access Door

Dryer Vent Metal (Flex) **Knee Wall Area Inspection Method** From the Access Door

Flooring Insulation Not Visible **Exhaust Fans** Fan Only, Bathrooms, Kitchen

Foundation Insulation Not Visible

11: STRUCTURE AND FOUNDATION

		0	NP	NI	IN
11.1	Roof, Attic, and Ceiling				Х
11.2	Wall Structure	Х			Х
11.3	Floor Structure	Х			Х
11.4	Crawlspace/Basement				Х
	O = Observations NP = Not Present NI = Not Ins	pected	11 k	V = Insp	pected

Information

Roof Structure

OSB, Truss Build, Collar Ties, Purlins/Knee Wall

Floor Structure Material

Slab, Concrete, Wood Floor Joists, Engineered Floor Trusses, Not Visible

Recommendation/upgrade

Foundation Material

Concrete

Basement/Crawlspace Floor

Concrete

Recommendations

11.3.1 Floor Structure

SETTLING CONCRETE FLOOR

GARAGE

The concrete floor has settled. Recommend monitoring for proper slope, cracks and trip hazards and making repairs as necessary.

Recommendation Contact a qualified concrete contractor.



11.4.1 Crawlspace/Basement

MINOR FOUNDATION CRACKS

Observed Minor Foundation cracks, recommend sealing the crack and monitoring.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified professional.

Recommendation/upgrade



left side of the house

Garage

Garage

STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

Exterior, Driveway and Yard

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the exterior wall-covering materials, flashing and trim; B. all exterior doors; C. adjacent walkways and driveways; D. stairs, steps, stoops, stairways and ramps; E. porches, patios, decks, balconies and carports; F. railings, guards and handrails; G. the eaves, soffits and fascia; H. a representative number of windows; and I. vegetation, surface drainage, retaining walls and grading of the property, where they may adversely affect the structure due to moisture intrusion. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of exterior wall-covering materials. III. The inspector is not required to: A. inspect or operate screens, storm windows, shutters, awnings, fences, outbuildings, or exterior accent lighting. B. inspect items that are not visible or readily accessible from the ground, including window and door flashing. C. inspect or identify geological, geotechnical, hydrological or soil conditions. D. inspect recreational facilities or playground equipment. E. inspect seawalls, breakwalls or docks. F. inspect erosion-control or earth-stabilization measures. G. inspect for safety-type glass. H. inspect underground utilities. I. inspect wastewater treatment systems, septic systems or cesspools. N. inspect irrigation or sprinkler systems. O. inspect drainfields or dry wells. P. determine the integrity of multiple-pane window glazing or thermal window seals.

Roof, Flashing and Drain System

I. The inspector shall inspect from ground level or the eaves: A. the roof-covering materials; B. the gutters; C. the downspouts; D. the vents, flashing, skylights, chimney, and other roof penetrations; and E. the general structure of the roof from the readily accessible panels, doors or stairs. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of roof-covering materials. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. observed indications of active roof leaks. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. walk on any roof surface. B. predict the service life expectancy. C. inspect underground downspout diverter drainage pipes. D. remove snow, ice, debris or other conditions that prohibit the observation of the roof surfaces. E. move insulation. F. inspect antennae, satellite dishes, lightning arresters, de-icing equipment, or similar attachments. G. walk on any roof areas that appear, in the inspectors opinion, to be unsafe. H. walk on any roof areas if doing so might, in the inspector's opinion, cause damage. I. perform a water test. J. warrant or certify the roof. K. confirm proper fastening or installation of any roof-covering material.

Interior, Doors, and Windows

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. a representative number of doors and windows by opening and closing them; B. floors, walls and ceilings; C. stairs, steps, landings, stairways and ramps; D. railings, guards and handrails; and E. garage vehicle doors and the operation of garage vehicle door openers, using normal operating controls. II. The inspector shall describe: A. a garage vehicle door as manually-operated or installed with a garage door opener. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. improper spacing between intermediate balusters, spindles and rails for steps, stairways, guards and railings; B. photo-electric safety sensors that did not operate properly; and C. any window that was obviously fogged or displayed other evidence of broken seals. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. inspect for safety glazing. E. inspect security systems or components. F. evaluate the fastening of islands, countertops, cabinets, sink tops or fixtures. G. move furniture, stored items, or any coverings, such as carpets or rugs, in order to inspect the concealed floor structure. H. move suspended-ceiling tiles. I. inspect or move any household appliances. J. inspect or operate equipment housed in the garage, except as otherwise noted. K. verify or certify the proper operation of any pressure-activated auto-reverse or related safety feature of a garage door. L. operate or evaluate any security bar release and opening mechanisms, whether interior or exterior, including their compliance with local, state or federal standards. M. operate or examine any subma, steamgenerating equipment, kiln, toaster, ice maker, coffee maker, can opener, bread warmer, blender, instant hot-water dispenser, or other small, ancillary appliances or devices. Q. inspect elevators. R. inspect reports. S. inspect appliances. T. inspect items not permanently installed. U. discover firewall compromises. V. inspect pools, spas or fountains. W. determine the adequacy of whirlpool or spa jets, water force, or bubble effects. X. determine

Cooling

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the cooling system, using normal operating controls. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the location of the thermostat for the cooling system; and B. the cooling method. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. any cooling system that did not operate; and B. if the cooling system was deemed inaccessible. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. determine the uniformity, temperature, flow, balance, distribution, size, capacity, BTU, or supply adequacy of the cooling system. B. inspect portable window units, through-wall units, or electronic air filters. C. operate equipment or systems if the exterior temperature is below 65 Fahrenheit, or when other circumstances are not conducive to safe operation or may damage the equipment. D. inspect or determine thermostat calibration, cooling anticipation, or automatic setbacks or clocks. E. examine electrical current, coolant fluids or gases, or coolant leakage.

Kitchen and Laundry Appliances

10.1 The inspector shall inspect: F. installed ovens, ranges, surface cooking appliances, microwave ovens, dishwashing machines, and food waste grinders by using normal operating controls to activate the primary function. 10.2 The inspector is NOT required to inspect: G. installed and free-standing kitchen and laundry appliances not listed in Section 10.1.F. H. appliance thermostats including their calibration, adequacy of heating elements, self cleaning oven cycles, indicator lights, door seals, timers, clocks, timed features, and other specialized features of the appliance. I. operate, or con rm the operation of every control and feature of an inspected appliance.

Electrical and Fire Safety

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the service drop; B. the overhead service conductors and attachment point; C. the service head, gooseneck and drip loops; D. the service mast, service conduit and raceway; E. the electric meter and base; F. service-entrance conductors; G. the main service disconnect; H. panelboards and over-current protection devices (circuit breakers and fuses); I. service grounding and bonding; J. a representative number of switches, lighting fixtures and receptacles, including receptacles observed and deemed to be arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI)-protected using the AFCI test button, where possible; K. all ground-fault circuit

interrupter receptacles and circuit breakers observed and deemed to be GFCIs using a GFCI tester, where possible; and L. smoke and carbon-monoxide detectors. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the main service disconnect's amperage rating, if labeled; and B. the type of wiring observed. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. deficiencies in the integrity of the serviceentrance conductors insulation, drip loop, and vertical clearances from grade and roofs; B. any unused circuit-breaker panel opening that was not filled; C. the presence of solid conductor aluminum branch-circuit wiring, if readily visible; D. any tested receptacle in which power was not present, polarity was incorrect, the cover was not in place, the GFCI devices were not properly installed or did not operate properly, evidence of arcing or excessive heat, and where the receptacle was not grounded or was not secured to the wall; and E. the absence of smoke detectors. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. insert any tool, probe or device into the main panelboard, sub-panels, distribution panelboards, or electrical fixtures. B. operate electrical systems that are shut down. C. remove panelboard cabinet covers or dead fronts. D. operate or re-set over-current protection devices or overload devices. E. operate or test smoke or carbon-monoxide detectors or alarms F. inspect, operate or test any security, fire or alarms systems or components, or other warning or signaling systems. G. measure or determine the amperage or voltage of the main service equipment, if not visibly labeled. H. inspect ancillary wiring or remote-control devices. I. activate any electrical systems or branch circuits that are not energized. J. inspect low-voltage systems, electrical de-icing tapes, swimming pool wiring, or any timecontrolled devices. K. verify the service ground. L. inspect private or emergency electrical supply sources, including, but not limited to: generators, windmills, photovoltaic solar collectors, or battery or electrical storage

Heating

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the heating system, using normal operating controls. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the location of the thermostat for the heating system; B. the energy source; and C. the heating method. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. any heating system that did not operate; and B. if the heating system was deemed inaccessible. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. inspect or evaluate the interior of flues or chimneys, fire chambers, heat exchangers, combustion air systems, fresh-air intakes, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, electronic air filters, geothermal systems, or solar heating systems. B. inspect fuel tanks or underground or concealed fuel supply systems. C. determine the uniformity, temperature, flow, balance, distribution, size, capacity, BTU, or supply adequacy of the heating system. D. light or ignite pilot flames. E. activate heating, heat pump systems, or other heating systems when ambient temperatures or other circumstances are not conducive to safe operation or may damage the equipment. F. override electronic thermostats. G. evaluate fuel quality. H. verify thermostat calibration, heat anticipation, or automatic setbacks, timers, programs or clocks.

Plumbing

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the main water supply shut-off valve; B. the main fuel supply shut-off valve; C. the water heating equipment, including the energy source, venting connections, temperature/pressure-relief (TPR) valves, Watts 210 valves, and seismic bracing; D. interior water supply, including all fixtures and faucets, by running the water; E. all toilets for proper operation by flushing; F. all sinks, tubs and showers for functional drainage; G. the drain, waste and vent system; and H. drainage sump pumps with accessible floats. II. The inspector shall describe: A. whether the water supply is public or private based upon observed evidence; B. the location of the main water supply shut-off valve; C. the location of the main fuel supply shut-off valve; D. the location of any observed fuel-storage system; and E. the capacity of the water heating equipment, if labeled. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. deficiencies in the water supply by viewing the functional flow in two fixtures operated simultaneously; B. deficiencies in the installation of hot and cold water faucets; C. mechanical drain stops that were missing or did not operate if installed in sinks, lavatories and tubs; and D. toilets that were damaged, had loose connections to the floor, were leaking, or had tank components that did not operate. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. light or ignite pilot flames. B. measure the capacity, temperature, age, life expectancy or adequacy of the water heater. C. inspect the interior of flues or chimneys, combustion air systems, water softener or filtering systems, well pumps or tanks, safety or shut-off valves, floor drains, lawn sprinkler systems, or fire sprinkler systems. D. determine the exact flow rate, volume, pressure, temperature or adequacy of the water supply. E. determine the water quality, potability or reliability of the water supply or source. F. open sealed plumbing access panels. G. inspect clothes washing machines or their connections. H. operate any valve. I. test shower pans, tub and shower surrounds or enclosures for leakage or functional overflow protection. J. evaluate the compliance with conservation, energy or building standards, or the proper design or sizing of any water, waste or venting components, fixtures or piping. K. determine the effectiveness of anti-siphon, backflow prevention or drain-stop devices. L. determine whether there are sufficient cleanouts for effective cleaning of drains. M. evaluate fuel storage tanks or supply systems. N. inspect wastewater treatment systems. O. inspect water treatment systems or water filters. P. inspect water storage tanks, pressure pumps, or bladder tanks. Q. evaluate wait time to obtain hot water at fixtures, or perform testing of any kind to water heater elements. R. evaluate or determine the adequacy of combustion air. S. test, operate, open or close: safety controls, manual stop valves, temperature/pressure-relief valves, control valves, or check valves. T. examine ancillary or auxiliary systems or components, such as, but not limited to, those related to solar water heating and hot water circulation. U. determine the existence or condition of polybutylene plumbing. V. inspect or test for gas or fuel leaks, or indications thereof.

Insulation and Ventilation

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. insulation in unfinished spaces, including attics, crawlspaces and foundation areas; B. ventilation of unfinished spaces, including attics, crawlspaces and foundation areas; and C. mechanical exhaust systems in the kitchen, bathrooms and laundry area. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of insulation observed; and B. the approximate average depth of insulation observed at the unfinished attic floor area or roof structure. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. the general absence of insulation or ventilation in unfinished spaces. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. enter the attic or any unfinished spaces that are not readily accessible, or where entry could cause damage or, in the inspector's opinion, pose a safety hazard. B. move, touch or disturb insulation. C. move, touch or disturb vapor retarders. D. break or otherwise damage the surface finish or weather seal on or around access panels or covers. E. identify the composition or R-value of insulation material. F. activate thermostatically operated fans. G. determine the types of materials used in insulation or wrapping of pipes, ducts, jackets, boilers or wiring. H. determine the adequacy of ventilation.

Structure and Foundation

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the foundation; B. the basement; C. the crawlspace; and D. structural components. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of foundation; and B. the location of the access to the under-floor space. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. observed indications of wood in contact with or near soil; B. observed indications of active water penetration; C. observed indications of possible foundation movement, such as sheetrock cracks, brick cracks, out-of-square door frames, and unlevel floors; and D. any observed cutting, notching and boring of framing members that may, in the inspector's opinion, present a structural or safety concern. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. enter any crawlspace that is not readily accessible, or where entry could cause damage or pose a hazard to him/herself. B. move stored items or debris. C. operate sump pumps with inaccessible floats. D. identify the size, spacing, span or location or determine the adequacy of foundation bolting, bracing, joists, joist spans or support systems. E.

provide any engineering or architectural service. F. report on the adequacy of any structural system or component.