



## INTERNACHI RESIDENTIAL HARDLINE

1234 Main St.  
Centerville OH 45459

Buyer Name  
03/04/2019 9:00AM



Inspector

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# SUMMARY




















MAINTENANCE ITEM



RECOMMENDATION



SAFETY HAZARD

-  2.1.1 Roof - Coverings: Damaged (General)
-  2.1.2 Roof - Coverings: Mold/Fungi Growth
-  2.2.1 Roof - Roof Drainage Systems: Debris
-  2.2.2 Roof - Roof Drainage Systems: Downspouts Drain Near House
-  2.2.3 Roof - Roof Drainage Systems: Downspout elbow
-  2.2.4 Roof - Roof Drainage Systems: Woven Valley
-  2.3.1 Roof - Flashings: Corroded - Severe
-  3.2.1 Exterior - Exterior Doors: Door Rubbing
-  3.3.1 Exterior - Walkways, Patios & Driveways: Driveway Cracking - Major
-  3.3.2 Exterior - Walkways, Patios & Driveways: Driveway Trip Hazard
-  3.3.3 Exterior - Walkways, Patios & Driveways: Walkway Cracking - Major
-  3.5.1 Exterior - Eaves, Soffits & Fascia: Gap
-  4.1.1 Basement, Foundation, Crawlspace & Structure - Foundation: Foundation Cracks - Minor
-  4.1.2 Basement, Foundation, Crawlspace & Structure - Foundation: Water Intrusion
-  5.1.1 Heating - Equipment: Needs Servicing/Cleaning
-  7.4.1 Plumbing - Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents: Temperature Pressure Relief Valve
-  8.2.1 Electrical - Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Panel Painted
-  8.4.1 Electrical - Lighting Fixtures, Switches & Receptacles: Cover Plates Missing
-  8.5.1 Electrical - GFCI & AFCI: Improper Installation
-  8.5.2 Electrical - GFCI & AFCI: No GFCI Protection Installed
-  12.1.1 Garage - Ceiling: Damaged
-  12.4.1 Garage - Garage Door: Garage Door Damage

# 1: INSPECTION DETAILS

## Information

---

**General: In Attendance**

Client

**General: Occupancy**

Furnished, Occupied

**General: Style**

Bungalow

**General: Temperature  
(approximate)**

40 Fahrenheit (F)

**General: Type of Building**

Single Family

**General: Weather Conditions**

Clear

## 2: ROOF

		IN	NI	NP	D
2.1	Coverings	X			X
2.2	Roof Drainage Systems	X			X
2.3	Flashings	X			X
2.4	Skylights, Chimneys & Other Roof Penetrations		X		

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### Information

**Inspection Method**

Binoculars, Ground

**Roof Type/Style**

Hip

**Coverings: Material**

Asphalt

**Coverings: Sheathing**

Plywood

**Roof Drainage Systems: Gutter Material**

Aluminum

**Flashings: Material**

Asphalt

### Observations

2.1.1 Coverings

**DAMAGED (GENERAL)**

 Recommendation

Roof coverings showed moderate damage. Recommend a reputable roofing contractor.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified roofing professional.



2.1.2 Coverings

**MOLD/FUNGI GROWTH**

 Safety Hazard

ATTIC

Signs of mold on rafter and sheathing within attic. Any possible health effects related to mold growth are beyond the scope of this inspection. This will allow for serious health issues. Recommend a reputable certified mold tester

Recommendation

Contact a qualified mold inspection professional.



2.2.1 Roof Drainage Systems

Recommendation

**DEBRIS**

Debris has accumulated in the gutters. Recommend cleaning to facilitate water flow.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified handyman.



2.2.2 Roof Drainage Systems

Recommendation

**DOWNSPOUTS DRAIN NEAR HOUSE**

One or more downspouts drain too close to the home's foundation. This can result in excessive moisture in the soil at the foundation, which can lead to foundation/structural movement. Recommend a reputable contractor adjust downspout extensions to drain at least 6 feet from the foundation.

[Here is a helpful DIY link](#) and video on draining water flow away from your house.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified general contractor.



2.2.3 Roof Drainage Systems

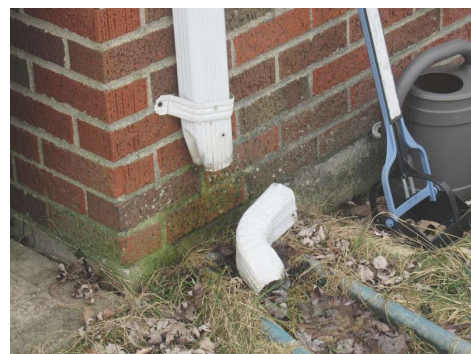
Recommendation

**DOWNSPOUT ELBOW**

Down spout elbow is missing/not attached. This will allow for water penetration into the foundation area. Recommend a reputable contractor.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified general contractor.



2.2.4 Roof Drainage Systems

Recommendation

**WOVEN VALLEY**

Woven valley shows signs of shingle uplift. This will allow for water penetration into the attic. Recommend a reputable roofing contractor.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified roofing professional.



### 2.3.1 Flashings

 Recommendation

#### **CORRODED - SEVERE**

Roof flashing showed signs of severe corrosion, which can lead to moisture intrusion and/or mold. Recommend a reputable roofing contractor.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified roofing professional.





# 3: EXTERIOR

		IN	NI	NP	D
3.1	Siding, Flashing & Trim	X			
3.2	Exterior Doors	X			X
3.3	Walkways, Patios & Driveways	X			X
3.4	Decks, Balconies, Porches & Steps	X			
3.5	Eaves, Soffits & Fascia	X			X
3.6	Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls	X			

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## Information

### Inspection Method

Attic Access, Visual

### Siding, Flashing & Trim: Siding Material

Brick

### Siding, Flashing & Trim: Siding Style

None

### Exterior Doors: Exterior Entry Door

Fiberglass

### Walkways, Patios & Driveways: Driveway Material

Concrete

### Decks, Balconies, Porches & Steps: Appurtenance

Patio

### Decks, Balconies, Porches & Steps: Material

Concrete

## Observations

### 3.2.1 Exterior Doors

#### DOOR RUBBING

 Maintenance Item

Door rubbed against the soffit as you would open the exterior screen door. Recommend a reputable contractor.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified general contractor.



### 3.3.1 Walkways, Patios & Driveways

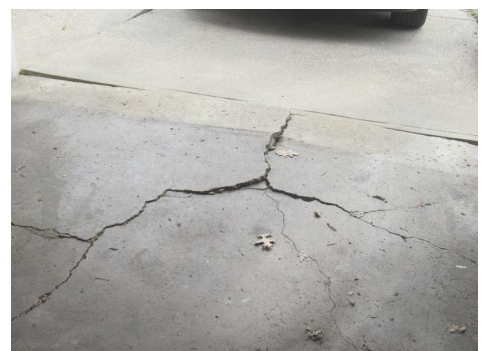
#### DRIVEWAY CRACKING - MAJOR

 Recommendation

Major cracks observed. Recommend concrete contractor for further evaluation.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified driveway contractor.



3.3.2 Walkways, Patios & Driveways

 Safety Hazard

**DRIVEWAY TRIP HAZARD**

Signs of settlement present in driveway/walkway. This is a trip hazard and will allow for serious injury or worse. Recommend a reputable concrete contractor.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified concrete contractor.



3.3.3 Walkways, Patios & Driveways

 Safety Hazard

**WALKWAY CRACKING - MAJOR**

1. Major cracks observed. Recommend a reputable concrete contractor evaluate and correct to prevent trip hazard & preserve appearance.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified concrete contractor.



3.5.1 Eaves, Soffits & Fascia

 Recommendation

**GAP**

There is opening, gap or hole in fascia / soffit which should be repaired. This can allow water intrusion and pest infestation as well as deterioration of the surrounding material. Recommend a reputable roofing contractor.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified roofing professional.



# 4: BASEMENT, FOUNDATION, CRAWLSPACE & STRUCTURE

		IN	NI	NP	D
4.1	Foundation	X			X
4.2	Basements & Crawlspace			X	
4.3	Floor Structure			X	
4.4	Wall Structure			X	
4.5	Ceiling Structure			X	

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## Information

**Inspection Method**  
Attic Access, Visual

**Foundation: Material**  
Concrete

**Floor Structure:**  
**Basement/Crawlspace Floor**  
None

**Floor Structure: Material**  
Concrete

**Floor Structure: Sub-floor**  
Inaccessible

## Observations

### 4.1.1 Foundation

 Maintenance Item

#### FOUNDATION CRACKS - MINOR

Minor cracking was noted at the foundation. This is common as concrete ages and shrinkage surface cracks are normal. Recommend monitoring for more serious shifting/displacement.

[Here is an informational article](#) on foundation cracks.

Recommendation  
Recommend monitoring.



### 4.1.2 Foundation

 Safety Hazard

#### WATER INTRUSION

GARAGE

Water intrusion was evident on the surface of the floor slab or in the basement/crawlspace. This can compromise the soil's ability to stabilize the structure and could cause damage. Recommend a reputable water proofing contractor.

Recommendation  
Contact a qualified waterproofing contractor



# 5: HEATING

		IN	NI	NP	D
5.1	Equipment	X			
5.2	Normal Operating Controls	X			
5.3	Distribution Systems	X			
5.4	Presence of Installed Heat Source in Each Room				

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## Information

**Equipment: Brand**

American Standard

**Equipment: Energy Source**

Gas

**Equipment: Heat Type**

Forced Air

**Distribution Systems: Ductwork**

Non-insulated

**AFUE Rating**

80

AFUE (Annual fuel utilization efficiency) is a metric used to measure furnace efficiency in converting fuel to energy. A higher AFUE rating means greater energy efficiency. 90% or higher meets the Department of Energy's Energy Star program standard.

## Limitations

Distribution Systems

**HIDDEN DUCTWORK**

Ductwork not easily accessible and not fully inspected.

## Observations

5.1.1 Equipment

**NEEDS SERVICING/CLEANING**



Furnace should be cleaned and serviced annually. Recommend a reputable licensed HVAC contractor clean, service and certify furnace.

[Here is a resource](#) on the importance of furnace maintenance.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified HVAC professional.

## 6: COOLING

		IN	NI	NP	D
6.1	Cooling Equipment	X			
6.2	Normal Operating Controls				
6.3	Distribution System	X			
6.4	Presence of Installed Cooling Source in Each Room				

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### Information

#### Cooling Equipment: Brand

Goodman

#### Cooling Equipment: Energy Source/Type

Electric

#### Cooling Equipment: Location

Exterior East

#### Distribution System:

##### Configuration

Central

#### Cooling Equipment: SEER Rating

12 SEER

Modern standards call for at least 13 SEER rating for new install.

Read more on energy efficient air conditioning [at Energy.gov](https://www.energy.gov).

### Limitations

Cooling Equipment

#### LOW TEMPERATURE

The A/C unit was not tested due to outdoor temperature being below 65 degrees. This may cause damage to the unit.

Distribution System

#### HIDDEN DUCTWORK

Ductwork not easily accessible. Not able to inspect fully the day of the inspection.

# 7: PLUMBING

		IN	NI	NP	D
7.1	Main Water Shut-off Device	X			
7.2	Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems		X		
7.3	Water Supply, Distribution Systems & Fixtures	X			
7.4	Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents	X			
7.5	Fuel Storage & Distribution Systems	X			
7.6	Sump Pump			X	

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## Information

### Filters

None

### Water Source

Public

### Main Water Shut-off Device:

#### Location

North

### Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems:

#### Drain Size

Unknown

### Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems:

#### Material

Unknown

### Water Supply, Distribution

### Systems & Fixtures: Distribution

#### Material

Copper

### Water Supply, Distribution

### Systems & Fixtures: Water

#### Supply Material

Copper

### Hot Water Systems, Controls,

### Flues & Vents: Capacity

30 gallons

### Hot Water Systems, Controls,

### Flues & Vents: Location

Utility Room

### Hot Water Systems, Controls,

### Flues & Vents: Power

#### Source/Type

Gas

### Fuel Storage & Distribution

### Systems: Main Gas Shut-off

#### Location

Gas Meter

### Sump Pump: Location

No Sump Pump

### Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents: Manufacturer

Bradford & White

I recommend flushing & servicing your water heater tank annually for optimal performance. Water temperature should be set to at least 120 degrees F to kill microbes and no higher than 130 degrees F to prevent scalding.

[Here is a nice maintenance guide from Lowe's to help.](#)

## Observations

7.4.1 Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents



### TEMPERATURE PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

Temperature pressure relief valve is absent or does not extend to the desired length. TPRV extensions should terminate no greater than 6 inches from the floor. This is a safety hazard, especially for children. Recommend a reputable licensed plumbing contractor.

#### Recommendation

Contact a qualified plumbing contractor.



# 8: ELECTRICAL

		IN	NI	NP	D
8.1	Service Entrance Conductors	X			
8.2	Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device	X			
8.3	Branch Wiring Circuits, Breakers & Fuses		X		
8.4	Lighting Fixtures, Switches & Receptacles	X			X
8.5	GFCI & AFCI	X			X
8.6	Smoke Detectors	X			
8.7	Carbon Monoxide Detectors	X			

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## Information

**Service Entrance Conductors:**  
**Electrical Service Conductors**  
 Overhead, 120/240 Volts

**Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Main Panel Location**  
 Back, Dayroom

**Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Panel Capacity**  
 125 AMP

**Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Panel Manufacturer**  
 Square D

**Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Panel Type**  
 Circuit Breaker

**Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Sub Panel Location**  
 None

**Branch Wiring Circuits, Breakers & Fuses: Branch Wire 15 and 20 AMP**  
 Not Visible

**Branch Wiring Circuits, Breakers & Fuses: Wiring Method**  
 Not Visible

## Limitations

Branch Wiring Circuits, Breakers & Fuses

### PANEL PAINTED OVER

Main electric panel box is painted over and was unable to visually inspect the inside components of the panel. Wiring methods, frayed or burned wiring, and proper grounds could not be verified. Recommend a reputable licensed electrical contractor

## Observations

8.2.1 Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device



Recommendation

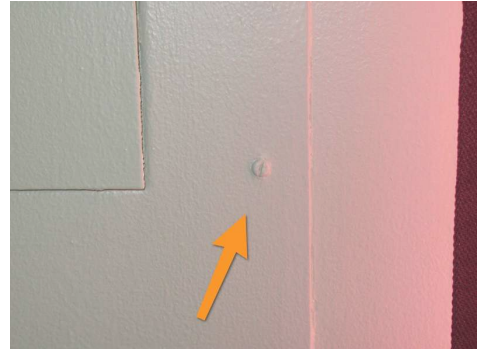
### PANEL PAINTED

Main electric panel box is painted over and was unable to visually inspect the inside components of the panel. Wiring methods, frayed or burned wiring, and proper grounds could not be verified. Recommend a reputable licensed electrical contractor



## Recommendation

Contact a qualified electrical contractor.



## 8.4.1 Lighting Fixtures, Switches &amp; Receptacles

**COVER PLATES MISSING**

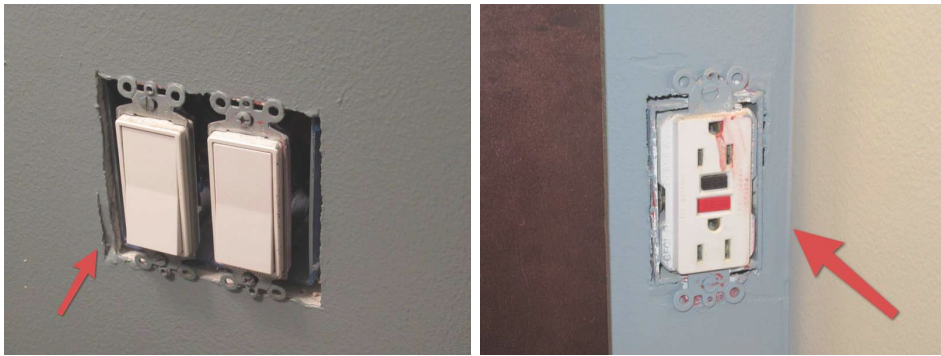
## MASTER BATHROOM

One or more receptacles are missing a cover plate. This will allow for electrical shock or worse. Recommend installation of plates.

## Recommendation

Recommended DIY Project

 Safety Hazard



## 8.5.1 GFCI &amp; AFCI

**IMPROPER INSTALLATION**

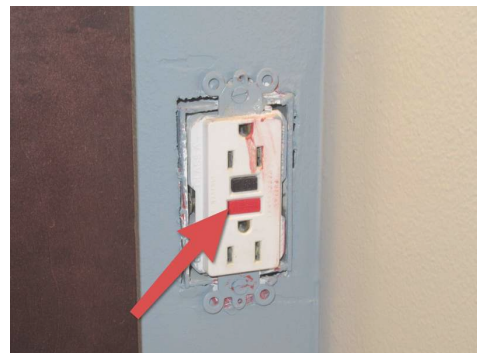
## BATHROOM MASTER

GFCI outlets present but did not trip when tested. Recommend a reputable licensed electrical contractor.

## Recommendation

Contact a qualified electrical contractor.

 Safety Hazard



## 8.5.2 GFCI &amp; AFCI

**NO GFCI PROTECTION INSTALLED**

## GARAGE KITCHEN EXTERIOR

No GFCI protection present in above locations. Recommend licensed electrician upgrade by installing ground fault receptacles in all locations.

[Here is a link](#) to read about how GFCI receptacles keep you safe.

 Recommendation

Recommendation

Contact a qualified electrical contractor.

## 9: FIREPLACE

		IN	NI	NP	D
9.1	Vents, Flues & Chimneys		X		
9.2	Lintels			X	
9.3	Damper Doors			X	
9.4	Cleanout Doors & Frames			X	

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### Information

#### Type

No Chimney

### Limitations

Vents, Flues & Chimneys

#### **DID NOT ACCESS ROOF**

Did not access roof. On day of inspection, was unable evaluate inner lining of Chimney.

# 10: ATTIC, INSULATION & VENTILATION

		IN	NI	NP	D
10.1	Attic Insulation	X			
10.2	Vapor Retarders (Crawlspace or Basement)			X	
10.3	Ventilation	X			
10.4	Exhaust Systems	X			

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## Information

### Dryer Power Source

110 Volt

### Dryer Vent

Metal (Flex)

### Flooring Insulation

None

### Attic Insulation: Insulation Type

Cellulose

### Ventilation: Ventilation Type

Gable Vents, Soffit Vents, Whole House Fan

### Exhaust Systems: Exhaust Fans

Fan Only

## Limitations

General

### LIMITED ACCESS

Limited access to entire attic on day of inspection.

# 11: DOORS, WINDOWS & INTERIOR

		IN	NI	NP	D
11.1	Doors	X			
11.2	Windows	X			
11.3	Floors	X			
11.4	Walls	X			X
11.5	Ceilings	X			
11.6	Steps, Stairways & Railings			X	
11.7	Countertops & Cabinets	X			

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## Information

**Windows: Window Manufacturer**  
Unknown

**Windows: Window Type**  
Double-hung

**Floors: Floor Coverings**  
Carpet, Tile

**Walls: Wall Material**  
Gypsum Board

**Ceilings: Ceiling Material**  
Gypsum Board

**Countertops & Cabinets:  
Cabinetry**  
Wood

**Countertops & Cabinets:  
Countertop Material**  
Composite

# 12: GARAGE

		IN	NI	NP	D
12.1	Ceiling				
12.2	Floor	X			
12.3	Walls & Firewalls	X			
12.4	Garage Door	X			
12.5	Garage Door Opener	X			
12.6	Occupant Door (From garage to inside of home)	X			

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## Information

**Garage Door: Material**  
Fiberglass

**Garage Door: Type**  
Up-and-Over

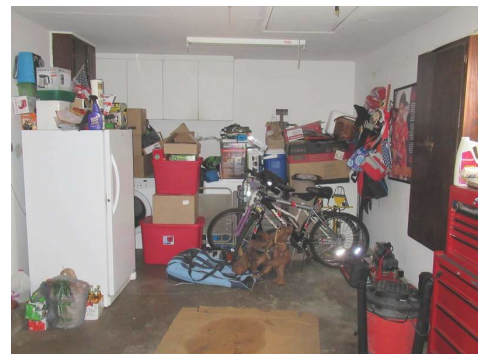
## Limitations

General

### LIMITED ACCESS

GARAGE

Inspection limited in garage due to homeowners personal belongings.



## Observations

12.1.1 Ceiling

### DAMAGED

 Recommendation

Garage ceiling was damaged. Recommend a reputable contractor to evaluate.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified general contractor.



12.4.1 Garage Door

### GARAGE DOOR DAMAGE

GARAGE

 Maintenance Item

Garage door shows signs of damage. Excessive rust noted on bottom panel of garage door. This will allow for decreased life and functionality of the door. Recommend a reputable contractor.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified general contractor.



# STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

---

## Roof

I. The inspector shall inspect from ground level or the eaves: A. the roof-covering materials; B. the gutters; C. the downspouts; D. the vents, flashing, skylights, chimney, and other roof penetrations; and E. the general structure of the roof from the readily accessible panels, doors or stairs. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of roof-covering materials. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. observed indications of active roof leaks. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. walk on any roof surface. B. predict the service life expectancy. C. inspect underground downspout diverter drainage pipes. D. remove snow, ice, debris or other conditions that prohibit the observation of the roof surfaces. E. move insulation. F. inspect antennae, satellite dishes, lightning arresters, de-icing equipment, or similar attachments. G. walk on any roof areas that appear, in the inspectors opinion, to be unsafe. H. walk on any roof areas if doing so might, in the inspector's opinion, cause damage. I. perform a water test. J. warrant or certify the roof. K. confirm proper fastening or installation of any roof-covering material.

## Exterior

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the exterior wall-covering materials, flashing and trim; B. all exterior doors; C. adjacent walkways and driveways; D. stairs, steps, stoops, stairways and ramps; E. porches, patios, decks, balconies and carports; F. railings, guards and handrails; G. the eaves, soffits and fascia; H. a representative number of windows; and I. vegetation, surface drainage, retaining walls and grading of the property, where they may adversely affect the structure due to moisture intrusion. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of exterior wall-covering materials. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. any improper spacing between intermediate balusters, spindles and rails. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. inspect or operate screens, storm windows, shutters, awnings, fences, outbuildings, or exterior accent lighting. B. inspect items that are not visible or readily accessible from the ground, including window and door flashing. C. inspect or identify geological, geotechnical, hydrological or soil conditions. D. inspect recreational facilities or playground equipment. E. inspect seawalls, breakwalls or docks. F. inspect erosion-control or earth-stabilization measures. G. inspect for safety-type glass. H. inspect underground utilities. I. inspect underground items. J. inspect wells or springs. K. inspect solar, wind or geothermal systems. L. inspect swimming pools or spas. M. inspect wastewater treatment systems, septic systems or cesspools. N. inspect irrigation or sprinkler systems. O. inspect drainfields or dry wells. P. determine the integrity of multiple-pane window glazing or thermal window seals.

## Basement, Foundation, Crawlspace & Structure

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the foundation; B. the basement; C. the crawlspace; and D. structural components. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of foundation; and B. the location of the access to the under-floor space. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. observed indications of wood in contact with or near soil; B. observed indications of active water penetration; C. observed indications of possible foundation movement, such as sheetrock cracks, brick cracks, out-of-square door frames, and unlevel floors; and D. any observed cutting, notching and boring of framing members that may, in the inspector's opinion, present a structural or safety concern. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. enter any crawlspace that is not readily accessible, or where entry could cause damage or pose a hazard to him/herself. B. move stored items or debris. C. operate sump pumps with inaccessible floats. D. identify the size, spacing, span or location or determine the adequacy of foundation bolting, bracing, joists, joist spans or support systems. E. provide any engineering or architectural service. F. report on the adequacy of any structural system or component.

## Heating

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the heating system, using normal operating controls. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the location of the thermostat for the heating system; B. the energy source; and C. the heating method. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. any heating system that did not operate; and B. if the heating system was deemed inaccessible. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. inspect or evaluate the interior of flues or chimneys, fire chambers, heat exchangers, combustion air systems, fresh-air intakes, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, electronic air filters, geothermal systems, or solar heating systems. B. inspect fuel tanks or underground or concealed fuel supply systems. C. determine the uniformity, temperature, flow, balance, distribution, size, capacity, BTU, or supply adequacy of the heating system. D. light or ignite pilot flames. E. activate heating, heat pump systems, or other heating systems when ambient temperatures or other circumstances are not conducive to safe operation or may damage the equipment. F. override electronic thermostats. G. evaluate fuel quality. H. verify thermostat calibration, heat anticipation, or automatic setbacks, timers, programs or clocks.

## Cooling

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the cooling system, using normal operating controls. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the location of the thermostat for the cooling system; and B. the cooling method. III. The inspector shall report as



in need of correction: A. any cooling system that did not operate; and B. if the cooling system was deemed inaccessible. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. determine the uniformity, temperature, flow, balance, distribution, size, capacity, BTU, or supply adequacy of the cooling system. B. inspect portable window units, through-wall units, or electronic air filters. C. operate equipment or systems if the exterior temperature is below 65 Fahrenheit, or when other circumstances are not conducive to safe operation or may damage the equipment. D. inspect or determine thermostat calibration, cooling anticipation, or automatic setbacks or clocks. E. examine electrical current, coolant fluids or gases, or coolant leakage.

## Plumbing

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the main water supply shut-off valve; B. the main fuel supply shut-off valve; C. the water heating equipment, including the energy source, venting connections, temperature/pressure-relief (TPR) valves, Watts 210 valves, and seismic bracing; D. interior water supply, including all fixtures and faucets, by running the water; E. all toilets for proper operation by flushing; F. all sinks, tubs and showers for functional drainage; G. the drain, waste and vent system; and H. drainage sump pumps with accessible floats. II. The inspector shall describe: A. whether the water supply is public or private based upon observed evidence; B. the location of the main water supply shut-off valve; C. the location of the main fuel supply shut-off valve; D. the location of any observed fuel-storage system; and E. the capacity of the water heating equipment, if labeled. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. deficiencies in the water supply by viewing the functional flow in two fixtures operated simultaneously; B. deficiencies in the installation of hot and cold water faucets; C. mechanical drain stops that were missing or did not operate if installed in sinks, lavatories and tubs; and D. toilets that were damaged, had loose connections to the floor, were leaking, or had tank components that did not operate. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. light or ignite pilot flames. B. measure the capacity, temperature, age, life expectancy or adequacy of the water heater. C. inspect the interior of flues or chimneys, combustion air systems, water softener or filtering systems, well pumps or tanks, safety or shut-off valves, floor drains, lawn sprinkler systems, or fire sprinkler systems. D. determine the exact flow rate, volume, pressure, temperature or adequacy of the water supply. E. determine the water quality, potability or reliability of the water supply or source. F. open sealed plumbing access panels. G. inspect clothes washing machines or their connections. H. operate any valve. I. test shower pans, tub and shower surrounds or enclosures for leakage or functional overflow protection. J. evaluate the compliance with conservation, energy or building standards, or the proper design or sizing of any water, waste or venting components, fixtures or piping. K. determine the effectiveness of anti-siphon, backflow prevention or drain-stop devices. L. determine whether there are sufficient cleanouts for effective cleaning of drains. M. evaluate fuel storage tanks or supply systems. N. inspect wastewater treatment systems. O. inspect water treatment systems or water filters. P. inspect water storage tanks, pressure pumps, or bladder tanks. Q. evaluate wait time to obtain hot water at fixtures, or perform testing of any kind to water heater elements. R. evaluate or determine the adequacy of combustion air. S. test, operate, open or close: safety controls, manual stop valves, temperature/pressure-relief valves, control valves, or check valves. T. examine ancillary or auxiliary systems or components, such as, but not limited to, those related to solar water heating and hot water circulation. U. determine the existence or condition of polybutylene plumbing. V. inspect or test for gas or fuel leaks, or indications thereof.

## Electrical

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the service drop; B. the overhead service conductors and attachment point; C. the service head, gooseneck and drip loops; D. the service mast, service conduit and raceway; E. the electric meter and base; F. service-entrance conductors; G. the main service disconnect; H. panelboards and over-current protection devices (circuit breakers and fuses); I. service grounding and bonding; J. a representative number of switches, lighting fixtures and receptacles, including receptacles observed and deemed to be arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI)-protected using the AFCI test button, where possible; K. all ground-fault circuit interrupter receptacles and circuit breakers observed and deemed to be GFCIs using a GFCI tester, where possible; and L. smoke and carbon-monoxide detectors. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the main service disconnect's amperage rating, if labeled; and B. the type of wiring observed. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. deficiencies in the integrity of the serviceentrance conductors insulation, drip loop, and vertical clearances from grade and roofs; B. any unused circuit-breaker panel opening that was not filled; C. the presence of solid conductor aluminum branch-circuit wiring, if readily visible; D. any tested receptacle in which power was not present, polarity was incorrect, the cover was not in place, the GFCI devices were not properly installed or did not operate properly, evidence of arcing or excessive heat, and where the receptacle was not grounded or was not secured to the wall; and E. the absence of smoke detectors. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. insert any tool, probe or device into the main panelboard, sub-panels, distribution panelboards, or electrical fixtures. B. operate electrical systems that are shut down. C. remove panelboard cabinet covers or dead fronts. D. operate or re-set over-current protection devices or overload devices. E. operate or test smoke or carbon-monoxide detectors or alarms. F. inspect, operate or test any security, fire or alarms systems or components, or other warning or signaling systems. G. measure or determine the amperage or voltage of the main service equipment, if not visibly labeled. H. inspect ancillary wiring or remote-control devices. I. activate any electrical systems or branch circuits that are not energized. J. inspect low-voltage systems, electrical de-icing tapes, swimming pool wiring, or any timecontrolled devices. K. verify the service ground. L. inspect private or emergency electrical supply sources, including, but not limited to: generators, windmills, photovoltaic solar collectors, or battery or electrical storage facility. M. inspect spark or lightning arrestors. N. inspect or test de-icing equipment. O. conduct voltage-drop calculations. P. determine the accuracy of labeling. Q. inspect exterior lighting.

**Fireplace**

I. The inspector shall inspect:

readily accessible and visible portions of the fireplaces and chimneys;

lintels above the fireplace openings;

damper doors by opening and closing them, if readily accessible and manually operable; and

cleanout doors and frames.

II. The inspector shall describe:

the type of fireplace.

III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction:

evidence of joint separation, damage or deterioration of the hearth, hearth extension or chambers;

manually operated dampers that did not open and close;

the lack of a smoke detector in the same room as the fireplace;

the lack of a carbon-monoxide detector in the same room as the fireplace; and

cleanouts not made of metal, pre-cast cement, or other non-combustible material.

IV. The inspector is not required to:

inspect the flue or vent system.

inspect the interior of chimneys or flues, fire doors or screens, seals or gaskets, or mantels.

determine the need for a chimney sweep.

operate gas fireplace inserts.

light pilot flames.

determine the appropriateness of any installation.

inspect automatic fuel-fed devices.

inspect combustion and/or make-up air devices.

inspect heat-distribution assists, whether gravity-controlled or fan-assisted.

ignite or extinguish fires.

determine the adequacy of drafts or draft characteristics.

move fireplace inserts, stoves or firebox contents.

perform a smoke test.

dismantle or remove any component.

perform a National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)-style inspection.

perform a Phase I fireplace and chimney inspection.

**Attic, Insulation & Ventilation**

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. insulation in unfinished spaces, including attics, crawlspaces and foundation areas; B. ventilation of unfinished spaces, including attics, crawlspaces and foundation areas; and C. mechanical exhaust systems in the kitchen, bathrooms and laundry area. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of insulation observed; and B. the approximate average depth of insulation observed at the unfinished attic floor area or roof structure. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. the general absence of insulation or ventilation in unfinished spaces. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. enter the attic or any unfinished spaces that are not readily accessible, or where entry could cause damage or, in the inspector's opinion, pose a safety hazard. B. move, touch or disturb insulation. C. move, touch or disturb vapor retarders. D. break or otherwise damage the surface finish or weather seal on or around access panels or covers. E. identify the composition or R-value of insulation material. F. activate thermostatically operated fans. G. determine the types of materials used in insulation or wrapping of pipes, ducts, jackets, boilers or wiring. H. determine the adequacy of ventilation.

**Doors, Windows & Interior**

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. a representative number of doors and windows by opening and closing them; B. floors, walls and ceilings; C. stairs, steps, landings, stairways and ramps; D. railings, guards and handrails; and E. garage vehicle doors and the operation of garage vehicle door openers, using normal operating controls. II. The inspector shall describe: A. a garage vehicle door as manually-operated or installed with a garage door opener. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. improper spacing between intermediate balusters, spindles and rails for steps, stairways, guards and railings; B. photo-electric safety sensors that did not operate properly; and C. any window that was obviously fogged or displayed other evidence of broken seals. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. inspect paint, wallpaper, window treatments or finish treatments. B. inspect floor coverings or carpeting. C. inspect central vacuum systems. D. inspect for safety glazing. E. inspect security systems or components. F. evaluate the fastening of islands, countertops, cabinets, sink tops or fixtures. G. move furniture, stored items, or any coverings, such as carpets or rugs, in order to inspect the concealed floor structure. H. move suspended-ceiling tiles. I. inspect or move any household appliances. J. inspect or operate equipment housed in the garage, except as otherwise noted. K. verify or certify the proper operation of any pressure-activated auto-reverse or related safety feature of a garage door. L. operate or evaluate any security bar release and opening mechanisms, whether interior or exterior, including their compliance with local, state or federal standards. M. operate any system, appliance or component that requires the use of special keys, codes, combinations or devices. N. operate or evaluate self-cleaning oven cycles, tilt guards/latches, or signal lights. O. inspect microwave ovens or test leakage from microwave ovens. P. operate or examine any sauna, steamgenerating equipment, kiln, toaster, ice maker, coffee maker, can opener, bread warmer, blender, instant hot-water dispenser, or other small, ancillary appliances or devices. Q. inspect elevators. R. inspect remote controls. S. inspect appliances. T. inspect items not permanently installed. U. discover firewall compromises. V. inspect pools, spas or fountains. W. determine the adequacy of whirlpool or spa jets, water force, or bubble effects. X. determine the structural integrity or leakage of pools or spas.